

- B. No required parking space, or any publicly owned parking lot, shall be used for repair, display or storage purposes, for the permanent parking of any motor vehicle, recreational vehicle or trailer, or for the location of any sign or light standard.

7.1.10 Parking of Vehicles in Residential Districts

- A. Parking of motor vehicles in residential zones, except those used for farming, shall be limited to passenger vehicles and commercial vehicles of the light delivery type, not to exceed 1 ton. The parking of any other type of commercial vehicles or buses, except those parked on school or church property, is prohibited in a residential district.
- B. Not more than two (2) vehicles per dwelling unit shall be a vehicle used for commercial purposes.
- C. The parking of recreational vehicles, boats, jet skis, horse trailers, general use trailers, motorized racing vehicles, and snowmobiles shall be permitted in the yard between the principal structure and the road right-of-way subject to the following requirements:
 - 1. The vehicle shall be parked at the residence of the owner.
 - 2. The vehicle shall display a current State license plate and/or current registration sticker, if required by state law or local ordinance.
 - 3. The vehicle shall be maintained in operable condition and shall not be used for living, sleeping, or general housekeeping.

7.1.11 Collective Parking

- A. Off-street parking may be provided collectively for two (2) or more buildings or uses, provided the total number of parking spaces shall not be less than the sum of the requirements of the space requirements computed separately.
- B. The total of such off-street parking facilities required for joint or collective use may be reduced by the Board of Appeals in accordance with all of the following standards:
 - 1. Uses for which the collective off-street parking facilities are to serve do not operate during the same hours of the day or night.
 - 2. Not more than fifty percent (50%) of the off-street parking facilities required for theaters, churches, bowling alleys, dance halls, and establishments for sale and consumption of alcohol beverages, food or refreshments may be supplied by off-street parking facilities provided for other buildings.
 - 3. The required off-street parking for a particular use may be reduced by its proportionate share of any publicly owned off-street parking lot within six hundred (600) feet of street travel, or for which it has been assessed.